INVESTMENT POLICY STATEMENT

Revised January 27, 2022
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The Community Foundation San Luis Obispo County is committed to advancing our core mission of making a difference through philanthropic leadership. It is our vision that San Luis Obispo County will be an enduring, thriving and engaged community. It is our goal to enhance our local community by incorporating our core values of collaboration, excellence, inclusion, integrity, and stewardship in all we do. We believe in sustainable investing as a means to support our goals and create impactful giving opportunities.

Statement of Purpose
The Investment Policy Statement (“IPS”) presents the investment process for The Community Foundation San Luis Obispo County’s (The Foundation) portfolio of investments (Portfolio), including investment objectives, asset allocation, investment restrictions, and review procedures. The primary **objective** of The Foundation’s Investment Program is to maintain a Portfolio to achieve long-term returns, net of investment expenses, designed to meet or exceed annual spending and inflation (the “Investment Program”) ultimately allowing asset growth through capital appreciation, preserving the purchasing power of the asset base, and providing support for The Foundation’s grantmaking and operations.

The IPS is intended to:
- State The Foundation’s objectives and guidelines for the investment of Endowed, Spendable-endowed and Non-endowed assets;
- Set forth an investment structure that includes various asset classes, investment management styles, asset allocations and acceptable ranges consistent with The Foundation’s long-term objectives;
- Address the overall level of risk and liquidity in accordance with the objectives;
- Establish criteria to monitor, evaluate and compare the performance relative to appropriate benchmarks; and
- Define suitable investments.

The Foundation’s IPS investment process is intended to consistently embrace diversification to achieve return objectives during a variety of economic and market conditions. This IPS is not a contract nor does it imply a guarantee of future investment results; it is a dynamic tool subject to revision based on changes in The Foundation’s investment objectives. The IPS is designed to implement an investment strategy with specific parameters reflecting the Board’s philosophy, thereby providing the Investment Committee and Foundation staff with clearly defined policies and objectives. Although these policies and objectives are intended to govern the investment activity, they are designed to be sufficiently flexible to be practical. This IPS governs assets of commingled Endowed, Non-endowed, and Spendable-endowed funds. The investment strategies and restrictions for these funds are established via each fund’s establishing documents and are accommodated by these guide
Performance Goals and Objectives

Endowed Pool

Statement of Objectives
The Foundation is committed to managing our Portfolio in accordance with the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (“UPMIFA”). UPMIFA governs the investment, management, and expenditure of endowment funds and provides guidance for prudent investment practices. For Endowed and Spendable-endowed funds, The Foundation’s primary objective is to preserve the Portfolio’s real value through asset growth at least equal to the spending policy, plus administrative and investment fees, plus the rate of inflation. In order to ensure a predictable level of funds, a total return spending policy has been adopted. This policy is reviewed and revised annually by the Investment Committee and is approved by the Board. This policy provides for a certain percentage spending of the rolling 12-quarter average market value for endowment funds, not to exceed accumulated earnings, in accordance with applicable laws, regulations and fund agreements.

Time Horizon
The Foundation was formed as a permanent institution with long term investment objectives. The Foundation has adopted a strategic asset allocation with a long-term horizon extending well beyond normal capital market cycles.

Risk Tolerance
The Foundation acknowledges that risk must be assumed in order to achieve long-term investment objectives to balance risks relative to returns. The Foundation uses two primary factors in evaluating risk tolerance:
- Financial ability to accept temporary risk of loss within the Investment Program.
- Willingness to accept return volatility.
Based on these factors, The Foundation has adopted a moderate risk tolerance to market volatility.

Performance Expectations
The Investment Program and overall Portfolio is designed on a Total Return Approach, including both current income (interest and dividends) and capital appreciation. Achievement of the investment will be monitored quarterly but evaluated over a full market cycle (customarily more than 5 years).
Asset Allocation

The Foundation’s investment process will take advantage of sophisticated trading strategies, keep trading costs and fees to a minimum and seek to maximize financial returns.

The asset class mix will determine the risk and expected return. The Foundation has reviewed the long-term risk and return characteristics of various asset classes and developed the IPS Current Asset Class and Limits. The Foundation has adopted strategic targets for each asset class within minimum and maximum percentages.

The asset allocation may be implemented through any combination of individual securities, actively managed accounts, institutional Mutual Funds, limited partnerships or passive strategies designed to mirror an index return such as Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs).

Alternative Investments

Subject to approved asset allocation policies, The Foundation may invest in a broad range of alternative strategies, intended to provide broad diversification across Investment Manager styles and strategies while providing low correlations to traditional fixed income and equities. The strategies may include real estate, energy and natural resources, private equity, commodities, managed futures, hedging strategies using options and other derivatives, absolute return, and opportunistic equity.

The evaluation process for alternative strategies and associated Investment Managers will be based on both quantitative and qualitative due diligence and research. In many cases, these investments will be implemented via limited partnerships. Therefore, restrictions are established by the offering documents for each partnership. The Committee will consider partnership management fees and restrictions on immediate liquidity when evaluating limited partnership documents.
Non-endowed Pool

Statement of Objectives
The Foundation holds and manages temporary and Non-endowed Funds for its charitable purposes. For Non-endowed Funds, the primary objective is to preserve capital and have liquidity on a short-term basis. These funds may be invested in cash or short-term instruments with a maturity date not to exceed one year, except where predicted cash needs can be accommodated using time deposits. The same objectives will be applied to multi-year scholarships that have been encumbered.

Such investments may be housed in cash accounts at banking organizations, other custodians (see MRI discussion), with the Investment Advisor, or other reputable financial institutions. Cash and short-term instruments will be placed to preserve liquidity and maximize return. Any earnings on Non-endowed Funds will revert to The Foundation.

Time Horizon
The Foundation allows for non-endowed funds which by their nature are held for limited period of time. This portfolio is invested to achieve positive investment returns while safeguarding against market volatility. Asset class allocation percentages exclude non-endowed funds.

Risk Tolerance & Performance Expectations
The Foundation will seek to maximize returns while ensuring capital preservation and minimizing market risk in accordance with short term investment objectives.

Limitations and Considerations for Investments placed at banks:
- The Foundation acknowledges that funds placed with banking institutions may provide leverage in the local community. Banking institution preference may be given to those entities which demonstrate that they support the community through lending to low-moderate income residents, demonstrate a commitment to local lending activities, and have achieved a “Satisfactory” or better Community Reinvestment Act rating.
- The maximum amount in any banking institution shall not exceed the amount of insurance provided by the FDIC, except where the depository bank collateralizes our assets, in which case the limit will be according to the collateralization agreement.
- Funds placed at local banks shall be comprised of Non-endowed Funds only, with the exception of encumbered endowed funds for scholarships, so are not included in the endowment pool asset allocation strategy.
- Duration of Certificates of Deposit (CD’s) will be determined at the opening of the CD but shall not exceed three years.
- Preference will be given to local banks with offices in San Luis Obispo County where advisable.
- All banking investments must be approved by the Investment Committee prior to funding.
## Current Asset Class and Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Class</th>
<th>Asset Class Detail</th>
<th>Lower Limit</th>
<th>Strategic Allocation</th>
<th>Upper Limit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equities - Domestic</td>
<td>Domestic Equity</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equities – International</td>
<td>International Developed</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Equity Developed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Emerging Markets Equity</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed Income and Cash</td>
<td>Domestic Core Fixed</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Income</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Global Fixed Income</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Emerging Markets Debt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>High Yield Fixed Income</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Distressed Debt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cash/Short Duration</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternative Strategies</td>
<td>Commodities</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Infrastructure</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hedge Funds</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Private Capital</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Real Assets</td>
<td>Real Estate</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment Role</td>
<td>% of Endowment Pool</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRI</td>
<td></td>
<td>1% single borrower; 5% total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESG</td>
<td></td>
<td>0%-100% total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sustainable Investing

As a responsible investor, The Foundation is dedicated to creating impact through sustainable investing. Sustainable investing is an investment discipline that considers Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) criteria to generate long-term competitive financial returns and positive societal impact. There are several motivations for sustainable, responsible and impact investing. Among these, are practices that support and align the values of The Foundation, and to enhance the goal of long-term community development and growth. Sustainable investing goals are for strong financial performance, but also believe that these investments should be used to contribute to advancements in ESG practices. Specific to these considerations are those factors which support environmental sustainability & resource efficiency, equitable societies & respect for human rights, and accountable governance & transparent operations.

The Foundation wishes to allocate part of its endowment portfolio to ESG investing. While the investment objectives will be pursued with consideration for the ESG implications of investing, a broad-based approach will be used to support these goals. The Investment Committee acknowledges that within commingled accounts or mutual funds, it may not have the ability to direct the specific inclusion or exclusion of securities, and that ESG considerations are only one of many considerations in retaining or selecting investment strategies. However, the Committee intends to consider environmental, social, and governance issues in its decision-making process. While sustainable investments can be identified as a separate asset structure, it is not to be treated as a separated asset class that conflicts with the investment portfolio statement but will follow the asset class target and limits for our strategic asset allocation.

The Foundation intends to encourage investment in companies and other issuers that promote our mission & values. There may be instances; however, where such information may not be available for certain asset classes. In these cases, the Investment Committee will determine if investment in the asset class(es) is acceptable. The funds are subject to The Foundation’s asset class allocation guidelines and also any limitations regarding overall portfolio percentage. The investments within the portfolio will conform to The Foundation’s asset allocation guidelines. Investments chosen will also be monitored for performance on a quarterly basis.
Mission Related Investing

The Foundation may invest in San Luis Obispo County companies, agencies and intermediaries that support and promote a healthy and vital community. Our aim is to maximize overall social impact in SLO County communities in need, while maintaining minimal risk level to the funds invested. Analysis of risk in order to preserve capital shall be done prior to any commitment of Foundation funds. The Foundation wishes to maintain some of its assets in mission related investments.

Funds may be used to provide:

- New types of leverage directly in communities that can promote jobs, housing, economic development and financial services for low-income residents in SLO County.
- Opportunities providing impact now and into the future.
- Opportunities providing a high social return as well as a financial return consistent with the policy.
- Opportunities that allow The Foundation to act as a partner and to promote the engagement of other SLO County institutions and donors.

Limitations and Considerations for Loans Given:

- Assets may only be used, with prior approval of the Board, from The Foundation’s endowed funds.
- Investment time duration for any single investment shall not exceed five years without the written approval of the Board of Directors, however renewal of a successful investment at the end of its term will be considered.
- MRI loan rates may be at or below current market rates at the time of the award.
- The Foundation shall seek full, matching or partial loan participation positions based on the financial strength of the borrowing organization, the size of the borrowing organization and The Foundation’s MRI portfolio capacity.
- The Foundation shall consider geographic diversity within San Luis Obispo County when making MRI loans. Additionally, the Grants and Investment Committee will have dual authority to review and recommend mission related investment.
Portfolio Rebalancing

The Investment Committee has established specific targets for each asset class in the endowed funds. Asset allocation is a critical component of a portfolio’s return. Therefore, it is desirable to rebalance the portfolios when necessary to minimize deviations from the target asset allocations. The discipline of regular portfolio rebalancing is known to improve portfolio performance. The purpose of rebalancing is to maintain the risk and return relationship implied by the stated long-term strategic asset allocation targets. This process could result in withdrawing assets from Investment Managers that have performed well in recent periods and adding assets to Investment Managers that have lagged in recent periods. This policy may necessitate the purchase and sale of securities which could create transaction costs to the portfolio.

In general, cash flows to and from The Foundation will be allocated in such a manner as to move each asset class toward its target allocation.

The Board recognizes that from time to time due to prudent fiscal management of the investment pools in accordance with current market conditions, that the Investment Committee may recommend, in conjunction with its Investment Advisors and Foundation Staff, to make tactical asset allocation decisions that will affect The Foundation’s asset class allocations. Where prudent, every effort to rebalance to strategic target levels is encouraged.

On a quarterly basis, if any strategic allocation is outside the specified target range, assets will be shifted to return the strategy to within the target range. The specific plan for rebalancing will identify those assets that can be shifted at the lowest possible risk and cost, if the rebalancing cannot be accomplished solely by allocating contributions and withdrawals. Additionally, if the broad asset class varies by more than 5% from its target, even if well within the Min/Max range, the investment advisor will recommend rebalancing to Foundation staff.

Spending Policy

The Investment Committee will consider several factors when designing its Spending Policy for its endowed funds. The Committee will promote the duration and preservation of the endowment in order to maintain The Foundation in perpetuity. Assets will be maintained in such a way as to promote the sustainability of those assets over time. The Spending Policy will be designed to support the mission and goals of The Foundation. General economic conditions will be considered and taken into account when determining the annual distribution. Similarly, possible effects of inflation or deflation on the distribution and the endowed principal should also be measured. Additionally, the total return on the assets, net of fees and accounting for inflation, must be greater than the effective distribution rate. As such the Spending Policy should consider what returns are realistic relative to the return, risk, and liquidity of the portfolio. The policy will also consider other shorter term resources of The Foundation which may be useful in designing its annual distribution. Finally, the effect of the Investment Policy Statement itself is also recognized in terms of the potential effect on total returns and annual distributions. The Spending Policy will be reviewed at least annually with respect to the above factors and recommended to the Board for approval.

The Investment Committee will maintain annually, a Spending Policy which will determine the spending limits for the following year. The amount determined for the distribution of grants shall be calculated each year by averaging the previous 12 quarters of a fund’s balance based on the average quarterly balance. The result will be the maximum available grantmaking amount for the next fiscal year also known as the available to spend amount.
Externally Managed Funds

Externally managed funds in the custody of our main endowment pool shall follow the asset allocation guidelines of the general endowment pool.

The Foundation may allow charitable assets to be managed by external advisors, i.e., not managed as part of The Foundation’s Investment Program. However, these external advisors will adhere to The Foundation’s policies and procedures pertaining to the advisor firms’ qualifications, to the use of designated appropriate Foundation investment guidelines and to The Foundation reporting protocols. Guidance and oversight of these policies and guidelines are under the responsibility of The Foundation’s Investment Committee. A donor must contribute at least $1M to a fund before such fund may be managed by an external advisor.

Advisor Standards

An external advisor must agree to the following standards:

- Be registered with appropriate regulatory agency with no material litigation pending or in process;
- Disclose any real or perceived conflicts of interests that may exist;
- Confer with Foundation Staff and document the asset allocation strategy and other factors regarding the management of the fund;
- Inform The Foundation in a timely manner of all fund investment activities, returns, fees and compliance issues;
- Consistent with IRS requirement, recognize The Foundation as the primary owner of the funds under management by the advisor.
- Approved by Board of Directors upon recommendation from Investment Committee

Asset Allocation Guidelines for Externally Managed Funds

An appropriate risk/return investment profile will be selected for the management of the fund. As a result of discussions between The Foundation and the external advisor, one of the following asset allocation targets will be selected, documented and used as the guide for managing and reporting fund activities.

The Foundation Board must approve an external manager’s decision to manage to a different asset allocation than those below, or employ alternative investments (i.e., non-equity or fixed income).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Capital Preservation Portfolio</th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Allowable Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Money Market Fund(s)</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Investment Objective: Seeks preservation of capital by investing in money market funds and short-term cash equivalent fixed income instruments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Balanced Portfolio</th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Allowable Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equity</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>40% - 60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed Income</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>40% - 60%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Investment Objective: Seeks capital appreciation in a balanced public equity and fixed income portfolio.

| Growth Portfolio |
|------------------|---|

Community Foundation San Luis Obispo County

Approved by BOD 5-4-22
### Target Allowable Range

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Allowable Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Equity</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>60% - 80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed Income</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>20% - 40%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Investment Objective: Preserve the purchasing power of assets by investing in a diversified pool of liquid public market securities targeting capital growth for long-term grant-making.

The external investment advisor is responsible for rebalancing the portfolio in order to maintain portfolio asset allocation positioning within the allowable target ranges. If a rebalancing occurs, the external advisor will inform The Foundation in the quarterly statement which is incorporated in The Foundation report from the investment advisor. The investment advisor will periodically monitor performance of externally managed funds and alert Investment Committee if portfolio is outside of allowable range.

Any fund agreement for an externally managed fund, shall contain provisions allowing termination of the external investment manager if such manager fails to comply with or is managing the fund inconsistent with this IPS. The Foundation will retain the right to terminate the external investment advisor for failure to comply with our Investment Policy Statement.

In certain circumstances, The Foundation may act as Trustee of a fund, such as a Charitable Remainder Trust. In such cases, the funds are held and invested separately from the main endowment pool as they are not Foundation assets. Every effort will be made to invest this type of fund according to The Foundation’s allowable assets and target asset allocation within the upper and lower limits as outlined in the Current Asset Class and Limits, but if the fund cannot meet the minimum to be in a certain asset class, the Investment Advisor will be given written instructions as to the alternate asset allocation.
CERTIFICATE OF ADOPTION

The foregoing amendment to the Investment Policy Statement was approved and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Community Foundation San Luis Obispo County on _____________, 2020.

By:

__________________________
Sandra Dunn, Board Secretary
Appendix A - Glossary of Investment Terms

Investment Definitions

**Annualized Return** – The compounded average annual return for periods greater than one year.

**Asset** – Cash, stocks, bonds, real estate, or other holdings of The Foundation. Generally, assets are invested to provide spendable dollars to be used for grantmaking and operations.

**Asset Allocation** – The distribution of a pool of assets among various asset classes including but not limited to domestic and foreign equities, Mutual Funds, or bonds, cash, real estate, or alternative investments.

**Audit** – An independent examination of the accounting records and other evidence relating to The Foundation to support the expression of an impartial expert opinion about the reliability of our financial statements.

**Board of Directors or Board** – The policymaking and governing body of The Foundation.

**Cash** – The most common type of gift made to most nonprofit organizations. Includes cash, checks, and credit card gifts.

**Council on Foundations** – A nonprofit membership association for grantmaking foundations and corporations across the United States.

**Custodian** – A bank or other financial institution that has custody of stock certificates and other assets of a Mutual Fund, individual, corporation, or institution. Custodians hold assets in safekeeping, collect income on securities in custody, settle transactions, invest cash overnight, handle corporate accounting, and provide accounting reports.

**Diversification** – An attempt to minimize risk by distributing assets among various asset classes or among managers within the same asset class who have different investment styles. Can also apply to improving the strength of the organization by having more diversity among the people serving on the board and in various capacities in the organization-at-large, and by attracting gifts from a diverse donor-base.

**Dividend** – A distribution of cash by a corporation to its stockholders.

**DOF** – the Director of Finance of The Foundation.

**Donor** – The individual or organization, company, business, or private foundation.

**Due Diligence** – In grant making, this speaks to the practices one applies to reviewing grant requests prior to approving them. It generally includes establishing the charitable status of the grantee, the charitable purpose of the grant, and the financial and organizational capacity of the organization to undertake the proposed activities, as well as the determination that the donor does not incur any benefits in exchange for their grant.

**Endowment** – Assets owned and invested by The Foundation from which generally only the income can be used for operations and/or grants. The principal number of gifts and bequests that are accepted are subject to a requirement that the principal be maintained intact and invested to create a source of income. Donors may require that the principal remain intact in perpetuity, or for a defined period or until sufficient assets have been accumulated to achieve a designated purpose.

**Environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG)** – The three central factors in measuring the sustainability and ethical impact of an investment in a company or business. Investors who employ this strategy examine criteria within these three categories to analyze stocks and future financial performance of companies.

**EFT** – Electronic Funds Transfer

**Form ADV** – The uniform form used by investment advisers to register with both the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and state securities authorities.

**Equities** – Also called equity securities or corporate stocks. An instrument that signifies an ownership position, or equity, in a corporation, and represents a claim on its proportionate share in the corporation’s assets and profits. An equity holder’s claim is subordinated to creditor’s claims, and the equity holder will only enjoy distributions from earnings after these higher priority claims are satisfied.

**External Advisor** – Any advisor outside of The Foundation’s Primary Investment Advisor.

**Fiduciary Duty (Responsibility)** – The legal responsibility for investing money or acting wisely on behalf of a beneficiary. More broadly, for foundation boards such responsibility must be legally exercised on behalf of the donors and the governing documents of The Foundation.
**Fund** – An entity established for the purpose of accounting for resources used for specific activities or objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Community foundation assets are held in many named funds established by donors or The Foundation for specific unrestricted purposes.

**Hedging** – A strategy used to offset investment risk. A perfect hedge is one eliminating the possibility of loss or gain. Selling short, put options, and futures transactions may be used for hedging purposes.

**Investment Advisor** – A counselor or consultant whose principal business is advising, analyzing or supervising investment managed by others. This differs from an investment manager who is responsible for the investments in a portfolio.

**Investment Program** – the Portfolio of The Foundation as managed per the IPS.

**Investment Manager** – An advisor who manages the investments of others. In general, a manager with more than $25 million must register with the Securities and Exchanges Commission (SEC).

**Liquidity** – Refers to the ease and quickness of converting assets to cash - also called marketability.

**Mission-Related Investment (MRI)** – An investment made by foundations and other mission-based organizations to further their philanthropic goals. Mission investments cover two distinct categories of investments: Market-rate mission investments, also known as "mission-related investments," are part of a foundation's endowment and have a positive social or environmental impact while contributing to The Foundation’s long-term financial stability and growth. Below-market mission investments, also known as "MRI" are designed to achieve specific program objectives while they may earn a below-market financial return.

**Mutual Fund** – A fund managed by an investment company that raises money from individuals and invests it in stocks, bonds, options, commodities, or money market securities. An investment in a mutual fund is represented by shares or units. The value of the units depends on the value of assets owned by the mutual fund, less expenses incurred by the fund.

**Net of Fee** – The rate of return reported on a portfolio after the removal of a money manager, investment manager or advisor’s fee.

**Non-endowed Fund** – Monies are received and distributed with 100% of the fund being potentially spendable. The fund does not operate under The Foundation’s spending policy for endowed funds.

**Realized Gains/Losses** – Increases/decreases in investments attributed to the sale of investments.

**Return, Rate of** – The rate of return on an asset is a measure of investment performance and should be determined on a total-return basis, i.e., including realized and unrealized changes in market value in addition to earned income (i.e., dividend and interest income). Managers may report returns before or after management advisory fees, but returns are always reported after brokerage and trading costs.

**Socially Responsible Investing (SRI)** – Also referred to as Ethical Investing, Social Investing or Green Investing - This is the practice of aligning a foundation's investment policies with its mission. This may include making program-related investments and refraining from investing in corporations with products or policies inconsistent with foundation’s values. (See ESG, above)

**Spending Policy** – A policy that determines what percentage of a group of assets, such as an endowment, should be spent.

**Total Return** – Measures the changes in portfolio value plus dividend or interest income plus realized capital gains or losses. Total return is expressed as a percentage of initial capital value, adjusted for net contributions or withdrawals.

**UPMIFA** - The Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act which provides guidance and authority to charitable organizations concerning the prudent management and investment of charitable funds and for endowment spending.

**Unrealized Gains/Losses** – Increases/decreases in investments attributable to the fluctuations in value of the investments from one time period to another.

**Variance Power** – A distinguishing characteristic of community foundations, the variance power permits the community foundation's governing body to redirect resources in funds if it determines that the donor's restriction is unnecessary, incapable of fulfillment or inconsistent with the charitable needs of the community or area served.
Asset Class Definitions

Cash/Cash Equivalents

Money market Mutual Funds selected must adhere to the following guidelines:

- Cash equivalent reserves shall consist of cash instruments having a quality rating of A-1, P-1 or higher. Commercial paper, treasury securities with maturity of less than 90 days, certificates of deposit with maturity of less than 90 days, and repurchase agreements are also acceptable investment vehicles for the money market Mutual Funds.
- Any idle cash not invested by the investment managers shall be invested in an interest-bearing cash account.

Cash balances may also be invested in federally insured bank deposit accounts or similar instruments.

Fixed Income

Fixed income strategies will employ a variable maturity approach that relies less on interest rate forecasting but shifts the maturity structure in response to changes in the yield curve. Managers and Mutual Funds selected to manage The Foundation’s assets must adhere to the following guidelines:

- The core domestic fixed income component (excluding any dedicated high yield allocation) will maintain a minimum credit rating of ‘BBB’.
- The international fixed income component may be hedged to avoid fluctuations in currency exchange rates.
- Fixed income investments will generally have short to intermediate durations to minimize interest rate volatility.

Global Equities

Managers and Mutual Funds selected to manage The Foundation’s assets must adhere to the following guidelines:

- Equity holdings in any one company should not exceed more than 10% of the market value of The Foundation’s equity portfolio.
- Allocations for all equities will generally avoid excessive industry or sector concentration.
- The managers shall emphasize quality in security selection and diversify to avoid risk of loss.
- The managers shall have the discretion to invest a portion of the assets in cash reserves when they deem appropriate. However, the managers will be evaluated against their mandated benchmarks and peers on the performance of the total funds under their direct management.
- Allocations to any specific country shall not be excessive relative to a broadly diversified international equity manager benchmark or peer group. It is expected that the non-US equity portfolio will have no more than 40% in any one country.
- Foreign exchange contracts may be used if use of such contracts is limited to hedging currency exposure within the manager’s portfolio. There shall be no direct foreign currency speculation or any related investment activity.
The following types of securities and transactions are not authorized without receiving specific Foundation approval:

- Letter stock and other unregistered securities.
- Investments for the purpose of exercising control management.

Real Assets

The Foundation may invest in a combination of real asset strategies that include, but are not limited to, Real Estate, Commodities and Natural Resources, and Energy Infrastructure Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) described below:

- Real Estate: Public and/or private investment in a diversified portfolio of global real estate companies, including Real Estate Investment Trusts or REITs.
- Diversified Commodities and Natural Resources: Investment in a diversified portfolio or index of commodity (or commodity futures) and natural resource investments.
- Energy Infrastructure Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs): Investment in a diversified portfolio of Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) focusing primarily on energy infrastructure, or pipeline investments.

Hedged Strategies

The Foundation may invest in a diversified portfolio of Hedge Funds either directly or via a Fund of Hedge Funds approach. Given the unique risks associated with Hedge Funds (e.g. lack of transparency, relative illiquidity, and use of leverage), attention shall be paid to ensure that:

- The portfolio is sufficiently diversified across an appropriate number of hedge fund managers and strategies,
- Liquidity of the Hedge Fund allocation is periodically reviewed both at the individual manager and the aggregate hedge fund portfolio levels,
- Leverage is routinely monitored at both the individual manager and the aggregate hedge fund portfolio levels;
- and
- Ongoing, comprehensive due diligence is performed on each individual hedge fund manager by either the fund of funds manager or the Investment Advisor.

Sustainable Investing

The Foundation may invest in a diversified portfolio consistent with Environmental, Social, and Governance methodology which promotes long-term competitive financial returns and positive societal impacts.
Appendix B – CFSLOCO Current Charter

Investment Committee Charter

Purpose
The Investment Committee (“Committee”) is responsible for the administration of the investments of The Community Foundation San Luis Obispo County (“Foundation”) and those investments shall collectively be referred to as the Portfolio. The members will discharge their duties solely on behalf of The Foundation’s mission in accordance with its specific terms, under direction of The Foundation’s Board of Directors (“Board”).

Responsibilities
The Committee’s duties consist of investment oversight and administrative duties, including:

A. Investment Duties
   a. Understanding The Foundation’s investment goals and how these objectives support The Foundation’s mission.
   b. Adopting, periodically reviewing, and revising an Investment Policy Statement for approval by the Board.
   c. Selecting, monitoring and replacing third-party advisors of the Portfolio, such as Investment Advisor and other providers of portfolio services.
   d. Work with the selected Investment Advisor(s) and make recommendations to the Board.
   e. Monitoring the performance of investment funds and Investment Advisors in accordance with the Investment Policy Statement, including performance of Investment Managers.
   f. Annually review and recommend the spending policy for endowed funds to the Board.

B. Administrative Duties
   a. Review all fees incurred by or on behalf of the Portfolio annually.

The Investment Committee members are knowledgeable about community leadership and act as a conduit to existing donors and as ambassadors to the broader community, as The Foundation continues its work to improve the community of San Luis Obispo County. The Foundation Board and Staff shall provide the Committee with such information as is necessary or desirable to fulfill its responsibilities. The Foundation may furnish the Committee with such administrative and other Foundation Staff assistance as the Committee may need to perform its duties.

Membership
The Committee shall be composed of a minimum of five (5) and a maximum of twelve (12) members, and shall include current members of The Foundation Board and community members with appropriate business or...
investment experience. The Chair of the Committee shall be a Board member. The Board President and The Foundation CEO shall serve as ex-officio members of the Committee.

The Committee may form subcommittees as it deems appropriate. Subcommittees may be formed to address special projects for a limited period or may become standing subcommittees for a particular purpose. Terms of service shall last no more than two three-year terms for community members. A term is said to start in January of each year. There shall not be a term service limit for Board members. However, once a Committee member terms off the Board, the term of service limit shall begin accruing.

No voting members of the Committee shall receive any compensation for their service.

All Committee members must adhere to The Foundation’s Conflict of Interest Policy, Confidentiality Policy, and Whistleblower Policy. Any committee member who also serves as an investment advisor/manager must complete an accurate conflict of interest form and recuse themselves from voting on any matter which would financially benefit them or their firm in any way.

Meetings

The Committee shall hold regular quarterly meetings and shall meet more frequently as circumstances require. The Committee shall keep minutes of the meeting and provide quarterly reports to the Board.

A quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the committee shall consist of a majority of Committee members. Decisions shall be made by a majority of those present at the meeting.

The Committee also may vote by electronic means, provided all electronic votes must be unanimous among the then active Committee members.

Approved by Investment Committee

The Investment Committee will adhere to the membership and term requirements of the Investment Committee Charter.
Appendix C – Roles and Responsibilities for The Foundation Board of Directors, The Investment Committee, Investment Advisor, Investment Managers, and Foundation Staff

Board of Directors.
The Board of Directors has the following general responsibilities:

- Is responsible for governing the general activities of The Foundation, including direct oversight of the Investment Committee, Investment Advisors, Investment Manager, External Investment Advisors, Custodians and Foundation Staff.
- Bears a fiduciary responsibility to ensure proper oversight of The Foundation and oversees the fiscal management and investment practices of The Foundation.
- Adopting safeguards related to fund management so the funds associated with The Foundation are administered in accordance with all legal and regulatory requirements.
- Shall comply with UPMIFA, all other applicable laws, rules and regulations, as well as best practices of Council on Foundations’ National Standards.

Investment Committee.
The Investment Committee has the following general responsibilities:

- Recommend to the Board the Investment Policy Statement (“IPS”), to include investment goals and objectives, investment beliefs, roles and responsibilities, eligible investments, portfolio restrictions, asset class and Investment Advisor and Investment Manager performance, risk monitoring, evaluation and reporting processes.
- Recommend to the Board The Foundation’s spending policy.
- Report the performance of the Investment Program to the Board.
- Receive and discuss the Investment Program to ensure compliance with asset allocation policy and ranges, and to review performance and attribution of the Investment Program, its asset classes, and the Investment Advisors and Manager’s consistency with regard to their respective policies and directives.
- Receive, discuss and approve investment recommendations made by the Investment Advisor and Foundation Staff which include changes to the asset allocation policy, spending policy, the IPS and the hiring and termination of investment managers.
- Engage the Investment Advisor and Foundation Staff in discussions regarding a review of the economy and financial markets, The Foundation’s asset class investment house views and other topics related to the prudent management of the Investment Program.
- Engage The Foundation Staff in an annual review of the Investment Advisor who will report to the CEO. The Investment Committee will hire, retain or terminate the Investment Advisor in conjunction with recommendations by Foundation Staff through a Request for Proposal process every 5-7 years.
- Receive and discuss the Investment Program’s investment risk reports, fee reports, and peer foundation comparison reports.

Investment Advisor
Responsibilities of the Investment Advisors. The Board shall hire the Investment Advisor, upon review and recommendation of the Investment Committee, and shall have the following general responsibilities:

- Rebalance the portfolio consistent with the Investment Committee approved asset allocation policies. Report to and assist The Foundation Staff in performing staff responsibilities to manage and report on the Investment Program.
- On a quarterly basis, provide the CEO and Investment Committee with an economic and capital markets review, market trends, asset class and investment strategy outlooks, and how these have or may impact the Investment Program.
• Annually review the Investment Policy Statement and, as needed, recommend changes to The Foundation Staff and Investment Committee for consideration.
• On a quarterly basis, prepare and present the Investment Program reports that monitor compliance with the asset allocation policy and ranges, review the performance and attribution of the Investment Program and its asset classes and Investment Managers’ consistency with their respective goals, objectives, policies and guidelines.
• Assist The Foundation Staff in presenting to the Investment Committee recommendations regarding changes to the Investment Program’s asset allocation, investment policies and investment performance guidelines for Investment Managers.
• Monitor and report to The Foundation Staff the positioning of the Investment Program’s asset allocations relative to their policy targets and bands. Provide The Foundation Staff with recommendations regarding both mandatory and optional rebalancing; assist The Foundation Staff in reporting rebalancing activities to the Investment Committee.
• Monitor the Investment Program’s asset classes and their Investment Managers and provide reports to The Foundation Staff and Investment Committee. Manager reviews should be thorough but concise and include return and risk metrics used to assess and evaluate Investment Managers. The Investment Advisor should provide an independent opinion regarding an Investment Manager’s ability to achieve performance expectations per their guidelines and whether an Investment Manager should be retained.
• Notify The Foundation Staff and Investment Committee of any significant changes within each Investment Manager’s organization, including changes in ownership, organizational structure, or professional staffing and, as needed, recommend appropriate courses of action.
• Assist The Foundation Staff in the development and reporting of the investment risk reports.
• Develop and present the spending policy analysis to the Director of Finance (“DOF”) for review and concurrence prior to presenting to the Investment Committee and the Board.
• Provide a review of peer foundations when requested
• Monitor the liquidity of the Investment Program.
• Comply with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations that involve The Foundation as they pertain to the Investment Advisor’s duties, functions, and responsibilities as a fiduciary, including UPMIFA.
• Provide a copy of Form ADV Part 2A and 2B (brochure and brochure supplements, respectively) and Form CRS if applicable. As a registered investment adviser with the Securities and Exchange from ADV Commission, investment advisors are required to provide to their clients documents, that describe in detail, the firm’s consulting and advisory services, business practices, senior personnel, fee structures and other related matters.
• Vote proxies on the securities held in the portfolio in accordance with the voting guidelines, manager’s fiduciary duties and professional judgement. On request, provide a written report detailing all proxies voted.

Selection of Investment Advisor
The Foundation may select and retain an objective, third-party advisor to assist the Investment Committee in managing the endowed Portfolio and with the investment process. The Investment Advisor will be responsible for guiding The Foundation through a disciplined and rigorous investment process to enable The Foundation Board to meet its fiduciary responsibilities.

Criteria used to select the Investment Advisor will include, but not be limited to:

The Investment Advisor shall collect and collate performance information from each of the Fund Managers to provide The Foundation Staff with timely and accurate reports on the performance of the endowed Portfolio and anticipated changes in current investments.
The Investment Advisor may not serve as the Custodian unless such services are provide through a separate institutional entity not under the control of the Investment Advisor.
Fees incurred by The Foundation for fund management and overall portfolio management shall be customary and reasonable in all respects, and not excessive relative or market and actual returns.

• Shall have at least 10 years of experience as an investment advisor
• Shall reside and work outside of San Luis Obispo County to maintain impartiality

Investment Managers
Investment Managers are generally selected by the Investment Advisor in consultation with the Investment Committee. Investment Managers perform the following functions:

• Manage the Investment Program’s assets in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines set forth by The Foundation in Trust IPS.
• Provide written documentation of portfolio activity, portfolio valuations, performance data, and portfolio characteristics on a monthly basis in addition to other information as requested by The Foundation Staff or investment advisor.
• Work with the custody bank and the Investment Advisor to reconcile market values and cash flows as required.
• Communicate with The Foundation Staff and Investment Advisor regarding portfolio management activities, including, but not limited to: investment returns, changes in an Investment Manager’s investment outlook and strategy, shifts in portfolio construction (asset mix, sector emphasis, etc.), portfolio performance and attribution and changes in the investment manager’s ownership, organizational structure, or professional staffing (additions and departures).
• Comply with all laws and regulations that pertain to an Investment Manager’s duties, functions, and responsibilities as a fiduciary of The Foundation.
• If applicable, annually provide the Investment Advisor and Foundation with a copy of the Investment Manager’s form ADV Part 2 (SEC required disclosure document) and proof of Liability and Fiduciary insurance.

Selection of Investment Managers for All Funds
The Foundation will work with the Investment Advisor to select managers that meet the following minimum criteria:

• Must be a bank, insurance company, investment management company, or investment adviser as defined by the Registered Investment Advisers Act of 1940.
• Must provide monthly statements and historical quarterly performance using the Performance Presentation Standards as defined by the CFA Institute (formerly the Association for Investment Management and Research – AIMR). The performance is based on a composite of all fully discretionary accounts of similar investment style and reported both gross and Net of Fees.
• Must provide performance evaluation reports prepared by an objective third party that illustrate the risk/return profile of the manager relative to other managers of like investment style.
• Must provide detailed information on the history of the firm, key personnel, key clients, fee schedule, and support personnel.
• Must clearly articulate the investment strategy that will be followed and document that the strategy has been adhered to over time.
• Must have no outstanding legal judgments or past judgments.
• It is recognized that alternative investment managers may not comply with all the criteria stated above, but their actions shall be governed by the terms of their offering document.

Foundation Staff
• Manage and use the services of the Investment Advisors, custody bank and other external providers needed to develop, manage, and report on all aspects of the Investment Program
• Oversee the day-to-day management of the Investment Program and manage the programs consistent with its asset allocation, policies, and guidelines as established by the Investment Committee and the Board.
• Demonstrate knowledge of the financial markets and the Investment Program and effectively communicate this information to the Investment Committee and donors.
• Regularly review the IPS with the Investment Committee and, as needed, recommend changes requiring Investment Committee and Board approval.
• Meet with the Investment Program’s Investment Advisor and conduct a comprehensive review of performance consistent with Foundation guidelines on an as needed basis. The DOF will keep the Investment Committee informed of these meetings and recommend appropriate courses of action.
• Receive, discuss and approve investment recommendations made by the Investment Advisor, including hiring and termination of Investment Managers or modifications to the Investment Policy Statement including the asset allocation recommendations, which require approval by the Investment Committee and the Board.
• Maintain, review and report to the Investment Committee on the Investment Program’s investment management fees.
• Recommend actions to hire, retain or terminate Custodians.
• Oversee The Foundation’s Externally Managed Funds and quarterly preparation of a consolidated advisor oversight report for discussion with the Investment Committee.
• Ensure The Foundation remains in compliance with all applicable laws governing the operation of foundation investments, including but not limited to UPMIFA.

Custodians
The custodian is the financial institution responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Community Foundation’s portfolio(s). The custodian is also responsible for the settlement of the securities bought and sold, collecting dividends and interest from the securities in the portfolio, and administering corporate actions on securities held – such as stock splits and dividends. The custodian also provides monthly and annual reporting, and disburses funds for the Foundation’s operating budgeting needs. Some investment advisory firms also provide integrated custodial services, and these may be bundled with advisory services. Given that the Community Foundation will necessarily have multiple custodians across the existing endowed, advisor managed, operating and hedge-fund holdings, all reasonable efforts will be made to confirm the worthiness of the custodian when a new asset pool requires such evaluation.
Oversight Chart
The table below summarizes the primary roles and responsibilities for investment decision-making and oversight.

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<th>DOF</th>
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